

Version 1

Revision Date 03/27/2009

Print Date 01/18/2011

### SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Reagent Alcohol Blends (BDH1158-4LP, BDH1158-19L,

BDH1160-4LP, BDH1160-19L, BDH1162-4LP, BDH1162-

19L, BDH1164-4LP, BDH1164-19L)

MSDS Number

000000011701

Product Use Description

Solvent

Manufacturer

Honeywell

1953 South Harvey Street Muskegon, MI 49442

Manufactured for

VWR International LLC 1310 Goshen Parkway West Chester, PA 19380

For more information call

(Monday-Friday, 8.00am-5:00pm)

1-800-932-5000

In case of emergency call

(24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

1-800-424-9300(USA Only)

For Transportation Emergencies: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC - Domestic) 1-613-966-6666 (CANUTEC - Canada)

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **Emergency Overview**

Form

: liquid, clear

Color

: colourless

Odor

: mild alcoholic

Hazard Summary

: Flammable. In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. May be fatal if swallowed. May be fatal if inhaled. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. May cause blindness. The product may be absorbed through the skin. Repeated

exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. This product may cause adverse reproductive effects. Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. Avoid exposure to pregnant women

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especially. Cannot be made non-poisonous.



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### **Potential Health Effects**

Skin

: Irritating to skin.

The product may be absorbed through the skin.

May cause systemic poisoning with symptoms paralleling

those of inhalation.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with liquid may cause defatting resulting in drying, redness and possible blistering.

Eyes

: Irritating to eyes.

Causes itching, burning, redness and tearing.

May cause blindness.

May cause irreversible eye damage.

Ingestion

: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea,

vomiting and diarrhoea.

May cause systemic poisoning with symptoms paralleling

those of inhalation.

May cause blindness if swallowed.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can

produce liver damage.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can

produce kidney damage.

Inhalation

: Causes respiratory tract irritation.

Causes headache, drowsiness or other effects to the central

nervous system.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Inhalation of high vapour concentrations can cause CNS-

depression and narcosis. May cause blindness.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can

produce liver damage.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can

produce kidney damage.

Chronic Exposure

: Causes damage to the kidneys/liver/eyes/brain/respiratory

system/central nervous system through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with liquid may cause defatting resulting in drying, redness and possible blistering.

This product may cause adverse reproductive effects.

Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.



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Aggravated Medical

Condition

: Liver disorders

Eye disorders Skin disorders

Neurological disorders Kidney disorders

Do not use if pregnant.

Target Organs : Eyes

Skin Liver Kidney Blood

Respiratory system Central nervous system Gastrointestinal tract

### Carcinogenicity

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS-No.	Weight %
64-17-5	60.00 - 85.00
7732-18-5	10.00 - 30.00
67 <b>-</b> 63-0	3.00 - 5.00
67-56-1	2.00 - 5.00
	64-17-5 7732-18-5 67-63-0

#### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation : Call a physician immediately. Remove to fresh air. If not

breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Use oxygen as required, provided a qualified operator

is present.

Skin contact : Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Take off contaminated clothing and shoes

immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Call a

physician.



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Eye contact

: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

Ingestion

: Call a physician immediately. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Immediate medical attention is required. Never give anything

by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to physician

Treatment

: Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flash point

: 15 °C (59 °F)

closed cup

The information regarding the flash point is that of the pure

substance.

Lower explosion limit

: not determined

Upper explosion limit

: not determined

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety

reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Flammable.

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may travel to areas away from work site before

igniting/flashing back to vapor source.

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

produced such as: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Formaldehyde

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.



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### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Wear personal protective equipment.

Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Do not swallow.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Environmental precautions : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Prevent product from entering drains.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Methods for cleaning up : Ventilate the area.

No sparking tools should be used. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local

regulations (see section 13).

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Handling

Handling : Wear personal protective equipment.

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep container tightly closed.

Do not smoke.

Do not swallow.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Advice on protection

against fire and explosion

Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning

transfer operations.

Use explosion-proof equipment.

Keep product and empty container away from heat and



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sources of ignition.

No sparking tools should be used.

No smoking.

### Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in area designed for storage of flammable liquids.

Protect from physical damage.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Keep away from direct sunlight.

Store away from incompatible substances.

Container hazardous when empty.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or

expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Protective measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

Engineering measures

: Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Prevent vapor buildup by providing adequate ventilation during

and after use.

Eye protection

Do not wear contact lenses.

Wear as appropriate:

Safety glasses with side-shields If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Goggles or face shield, giving complete protection to eyes

Hand protection

Solvent-resistant gloves

Gloves must be inspected prior to use.

Replace when worn.

Skin and body protection

Wear as appropriate:

Solvent-resistant apron

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing

If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Protective suit



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Respiratory protection

: In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

For rescue and maintenance work in storage tanks use self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

Hygiene measures

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the

product.

Keep working clothes separately.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Do not swallow.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

### **Exposure Guidelines**

Ethanol	64-17-5	ACGIH	TWA	1,000 ppm
		NIOSH	REL	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m3
		OSHA Z1	PEL	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m3
		OSHA Z1A	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m3
		US CA OEL	TWA PEL	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m3
Methanol	67-56-1	ACGIH	TWA	200 ppm
		ACGIH	STEL	250 ppm

Skin designation:

Can be absorbed through the skin.

NIOSH REL

200 ppm

260 mg/m3

NIOSH

STEL

250 ppm

325 mg/m3

Skin designation:

Can be absorbed through the skin.



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		US CA OEL	TWA PEL	200 ppm	260 mg/m3
		US CA OEL	Ceiling		1,000 ppm
		US CA OEL	STEL	250 ppm	325 mg/m3
	Skin designation: Can be absorbed throu			ugh the skin.	
		OSHA Z1	PEL	200 ppm	260 mg/m3
		OSHA Z1A	TWA	200 ppm	260 mg/m3
		OSHA Z1A	STEL	250 ppm	325 mg/m3
	Skin designation (Final Rule Limit appli Can be absorbed through the skin.			olies):	
Isopropanol	67-63-0	NIOSH	REL	400 ppm	980 mg/m3
		NIOSH	STEL	500 ppm	1,225 mg/m3
		OSHA Z1	PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m3
		OSHA Z1A	TWA	400 ppm	980 mg/m3
		OSHA Z1A	STEL	500 ppm	1,225 mg/m3
		US CA OEL	TWA PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m3
		US CA OEL	STEL	500 ppm	1,225 mg/m3
		ACGIH	TWA		200 ppm
		ACGIH	STEL		400 ppm

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form

: liquid, clear

Color

: colourless

Odor

: mild alcoholic



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pH

: not applicable

Melting point/range

: -114.1 °C (-173.4 °F)

The information regarding melting point/freezing point are

those of the pure substance.

Boiling point/boiling range

: 78.32 °C (172.98 °F)

The information regarding the boiling point is that of the pure

substance.

Vapor pressure

: 59.5 hPa

at 20 °C (68 °F)

The information regarding the vapour pressure is that of the

solvent.

Relative vapour density

: 1.6

(Air = 1.0)

Density

: 0.78 g/cm3

The information regarding the density is that of the pure

substance.

Water solubility

: completely soluble

### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid

: Heat, flames and sparks.

Keep away from direct sunlight.

Materials to avoid

: Strong oxidizing agents Potassium superoxide

Bromine Pentafluoride

Acetyl bromide Acetyl chloride Platinum Sodium

Hazardous decomposition

products

: In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

produced such as: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Formaldehyde

Hazardous reactions

: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

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Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 rat

Dose: 7,060 mg/kg Test substance: Ethanol

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 rat

Dose: 5,628 mg/kg Test substance: Methanol

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 rat

Dose: 5,045 mg/kg

Test substance: Isopropanol

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 rabbit

Dose: 15,800 mg/kg Test substance: Methanol

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 rabbit

Dose: 12,800 mg/kg

Test substance: Isopropanol

Acute inhalation toxicity

: LC50 rat

Dose: 20000 ppm Exposure time: 10 h Test substance: Ethanol

Acute inhalation toxicity

: LC50 rat

Dose: 64000 ppm Exposure time: 4 h Test substance: Methanol

Acute inhalation toxicity

: LC50 rat

Dose: 16000 ppm Exposure time: 8 h

Test substance: Isopropanol

Skin irritation

: rabbit

irritating

Exposure time: 24 h Test substance:Methanol



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Skin irritation : rabbit

Mild skin irritation

Test substance: Isopropanol

Eye irritation : rabbit eye

irritating

Test substance: Methanol

Eye irritation : rabbit

Test substance: Isopropanol

Severe eye irritation

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Biodegradability : Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) Biochemical oxygen

demand within 5 days Biodegradation: 58 %

Test substance: Isopropanol

Toxicity to fish : LC50

Species: Fathead minnow

Dose: 29.4 g/l Exposure time: 96 h Test substance: Ethanol

Toxicity to fish : LC50

Species: goldfish Dose: > 5 g/l Exposure time: 24 h

Test substance: Isopropanol

Toxicity to fish : LC50

Species: Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

Dose: 8,970 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Isopropanol

Toxicity to fish : LC50

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Dose: 10,400 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Isopropanol



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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.

LC50

Species: Daphnia

Dose: 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h Test substance: Methanol

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.

EC50

es. Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Dose: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Isopropanol

Toxicity to algae : LC50

Species: Scenedesmus subspicatus

Dose: > 2,000 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Isopropanol

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50

Species: Photobacterium phosphoreum

Dose: 43,000 mg/l Exposure time: 5 min Test substance: Methanol

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50

Species: Photobacterium phosphoreum

Dose: 40,000 mg/l Exposure time: 15 min Test substance: Methanol

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50

Species: Photobacterium phosphoreum

Dose: 39,000 mg/l Exposure time: 25 min Test substance: Methanol

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50

Species: Photobacterium phosphoreum

Dose: 35,390 mg/l Exposure time: 5 min

Test substance: Isopropanol



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### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Information: Observe all Federal, State, and Local Environmental regulations.

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT

**UN-Number** 

Proper shipping name

: 1987

: Alcohols, n.o.s.

(Ethanol

, Methanol

, Isopropanol

3

II

3

Class

Packing group

Hazard Label

IATA

**UN Number** 

: 1987

Description of the goods

: Alcohols, n.o.s.

(Ethanol, Methanol

, Isopropanol

: 3 : 11

: 3

: 307

Class

Packaging group

Hazard Label

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction

(passenger aircraft)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 305

: Y305

**IMDG** 

Substance No.

: UN 1987

Description of the goods

: Alcohols, n.o.s.

(ETHANOL

, METHANOL

, ISOPROPANOL

Packaging group Hazard Label

**EmS Number** Marine pollutant : 3

: 11 : 3

: F-E : no

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#### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Inventories

EU. EINECS

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

US. Toxic Substances

Control Act

: On TSCA Inventory

Australia, Industrial

Chemical (Notification and

Assessment) Act

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL).

(Can. Gaz. Part II, Vol. 133)

Japan. Kashin-Hou Law

List

: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL list.

Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) List : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Philippines. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Waste Control

Act

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Chemical Substances

China. Inventory of Existing : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

CH INV - Switzerland : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIOC - New Zealand : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

National regulatory information

SARA 313 Components

: Methanol

67-56-1

: Isopropanol

67-63-0



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SARA 311/312 Hazards

: Fire Hazard

Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard

**CERCLA** Reportable

Quantity

: 100000 lbs

California Prop. 65

: This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of

California to cause cancer, birth, or any other reproductive

defects.

Massachusetts RTK

: Ethanol

64-17-5

: Methanol

67-56-1

: Isopropanol

67-63-0

New Jersey RTK

: Ethanol

64-17-5

: Water : Methanol

7732-18-5 67-56-1

: Isopropanol

67-63-0

Pennsylvania RTK

: Ethanol

64-17-5

: Water

7732-18-5

: Methanol

67-56-1

: Isopropanol

67-63-0

WHMIS Classification

: B2

D<sub>1</sub>B

D2A

D<sub>2</sub>B

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria

of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information

required by the CPR.

### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS III

**NFPA** 

Health Hazard

: 2\*

1



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Flammability Physical Hazard	: 3	3	

### **Further information**

Instability

\* - Chronic health hazard